An Ounce of Prevention

Policy Brief: Social Host Liability

This is a brief explanation of the strategy. Therefore, the NICC is beginning a monthly policy report to explore available options for

Analyze Indiana: Health effects, or the policy level through

The introduc social host liability (SHL) into

We partner with state and regional agencies to provide leadership, evaluation, services to improve the quality of life for our communities by selecting and measuring risk factors. We offer resources, tools, and support services to organizations and community leaders.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

Policing

Our goal is to provide prevention resources and services to help improve the community.

OUR MISSION

Strengthening a behavioral health system that promotes prevention, treatment, and recovery.

OUR VISION

To promote and sustain healthy environments and behaviors across the lifespan.

OUR EXPERTISE

We partner with state and regional agencies to provide leadership, evaluation, services to improve the quality of life for our communities by selecting and measuring risk factors. We offer resources, tools, and support services to organizations and community leaders.

MEET OUR STAFF!

More Details

FACT vs. MYTH

PCP is a Schedule II drug, so there is not a high potential for abuse or addiction.

Myth. Schedule II reflects a high potential for psychological or physical dependence in individuals who use these drugs.

This drug can be snorted, smoked, or orally ingested.

Fact. These are the three most common methods, but PCP is technically able to be injected as well.

PCP has a sedative and anesthetic effect that can cause users to feel like they are in a trance.

Fact. This is a possible effect that other hallucinogens can present as well.

PCP is often combined with a leafy plant when it is smoked.

Fact. Mint, parsley, oregano, tobacco, or marijuana are some of these leafy plants. When it is combined with tobacco or marijuana, side effects for PCP and the plant are combined.